Altru Advanced Orthopedics

<u>Total Shoulder Arthroplasty/Hemiarthroplasty/Reverse Total Shoulder</u> <u>Arthroplasty without subscapularis repair Protocols</u>

The intent of this protocol is to provide the therapist with a guideline for the post-op rehab of a patient who has had a total shoulder arthroplasty, hemiarthroplasty, or a reverse total shoulder arthroplasty without subscapularis repair. It is not intended to be a substitute for appropriate clinical decision making regarding the progression of a patient's rehab. The actual therapy plan of care must be based on the surgical approach, physical exam and findings, individual progress, any post-op complications, and/or co-morbidities. If a therapist needs assistance or has questions regarding the progression of a patient post surgically they should consult the referring surgeon.

Post-op Day 1 (Hospital)

- PROM flex in supine to tolerance
- PROM for ER gently in scapular plane through available range
- PROM IR to chest
- AROM elbow, wrist, hand
- Pendulums
- Cryotherapy
- Pt education regarding positioning and shoulder protection techniques

PHASE I: 0-6 Weeks

Precautions:

- Avoid undue stress on anterior capsule
- Protect subscapularis for 6 weeks, avoid strengthening IR and ER
- ER in scapular plane to minimize anterior strain
- No backwards extension
- No excessive stretching or sudden movements
- No supporting body weight by hand on involved side

Goals:

- Gradual increase PROM
- Decrease pain and inflammation
- Allow for soft tissue healing
- · Restore elbow, wrist, and hand AROM
- Protect subscapularis repair
- Independent ADLs with modifications

Immobilization:

• Sling/immobilizer should be worn continuously for 6 weeks, except for exercise and personal hygiene

Therapeutic Exercise:

- 1. PROM
 - Gradually progress PROM in all planes as tolerated
 - IR and ER in scapular plane
 - Abduction in supine with 0° of rotation
- 2. AAROM
 - Begin AAROM for flex, abd, ER, IR in scapular plane as tolerated
 - flexion to tolerance with cane or table slides
- 3. AROM
 - Elbow, wrist, and hand AROM
 - Cervical and thoracic spine AROM
- 4. Scapular stabilization
 - Scapular pinch, Sternal lifts, Lawn mower done in sling

Manual Therapy:

Grade I and II joint mobilizations

Modalities:

- Cryotherapy prn
- E-stim prn

Criteria for progression to Phase II:

- Minimal pain and tenderness
- 90° PROM flexion and abduction
- 45° PROM ER in scapular plane
- 70° PROM IR in scapular plane

PHASE II: 7-12 Weeks

Precautions:

- Do not overstress healing anterior shoulder tissue
 - o In supine place pillow or towel under elbow to avoid shoulder hyperextension
- ER in scapular plane to minimize anterior strain
- If poor shoulder mechanics avoid repetitive shoulder AROM exercises/activities against gravity
- No heavy lifting (no heavier than a coffee cup)
- No supporting body weight by hand on involved side
- No sudden jerking movements

Goals:

Gradual restoration of full PROM

- o 45° ER at 8-10 weeks
- Control pain and inflammation
- Allow continued soft tissue healing
- Gradually restore active motion
- Re-establish dynamic shoulder stability

Immobilization:

D/C sling after 6 weeks

Therapeutic Exercise:

- 1. Continue previous exercises as needed
- 2. PROM
 - Advance all motions as tolerated
 - Advance ER in scapular plane gradually to 45° by 10 weeks post-op
 - PROM sleeper posterior capsular stretch if IR limited beginning at 10 weeks
- 3. AAROM and AROM- progress as tolerated in all planes in pain free ROM
- 4. Submax, pain-free isometrics in neutral
- 5. Progress to open-chain strengthening with bands then light weights
- 6. Progress scapular stabilization- closed chain
 - Scapular clock
 - Weight shifting
- 7. Initiate rhythmic stabilization

Manual Therapy:

Grades I-III inferior, posterior joint mobilizations, and scar tissue mobilization PRN

Modalities:

- Cryotherapy prn
- E-stim prn

Criteria for progression to Phase III:

- Tolerates PROM/AAROM, and isometric program
- 140° PROM flexion
- 120° PROM abduction
- 70° PROM IR in scapular plane
- 60° PROM ER in scapular plane
- AROM shoulder elevation against gravity to 100° with good mechanics

PHASE III: 13-18 weeks

Precautions:

- No lifting greater than 5 lbs
- No sudden lifting or pushing activities
- No sudden jerking movements

Goals:

- Increase active ROM of shoulder
- Gradual restoration of shoulder strength
- Optimize neuromuscular control
- Gradual return to functional activities with operative UE

Therapeutic Exercise:

- 1. Continue with Phase II exercises as needed
- 2. Continue PROM and AA/AROM as needed to maintain ROM, advance to stretching as appropriate
 - Begin assisted IR behind back stretch
- 3. Begin shoulder IR and ER strengthening in scapular plane
- 4. Progress deltoid strengthening
 - Begin supine with light weight at variable degrees of elevation
- 5. Progress axial loading and scapular stabilization
 - Wall push-up, wall washes, rocker board, BOSU

Manual Therapy:

Grades I-III inferior, posterior joint mobilizations, and scar tissue mobilization PRN

Modalities:

- Cryotherapy prn
- E-stim prn

Criteria for progression to Phase IV:

- Tolerates AROM and strengthening
- 140° AROM flexion in supine
- 120° AROM abduction in supine
- 70° IR in supine in scapular plane
- 60° ER in supine in scapular plane
- Active shoulder elevation to at least 120° against gravity with good mechanics

PHASE IV: Week 19 to 6 months

Precautions:

- Avoid exercises and functional activities that stress anterior capsule and soft tissues,
 e.g., combined ER and abduction
- Gradual progression of strengthening
- Gradually return to more challenging functional activities

Goals:

- Maintain full non-painful AROM
- Improve strength, power, and endurance

- Improve tolerance of functional activities
- Progress closed chain exercises as appropriate

Therapeutic Exercise:

- 1. Continue with Phase III exercises as needed
- 2. Resistive exercises (GENTLE PROGRESSION)
 - Initiate overhead resistance with front lat pull down and overhead press
- 3. Plyometric exercises
 - Ball toss, rebounder, eccentric control
- 4. HEP strength, mobility, and function 3-4 times per week for 1-year post-op
- 5. 4-6 months return to recreational hobbies, gardening, sports, etc.

Criteria for D/C from PT:

- Pt able to maintain nonpainful AROM
- Pt has maximal functional use of UE
- Pt has maximal muscle strength, power, and endurance
- Pt has returned to advanced functional activities